

1. Key Messages

- 1.1 The Committee Stage of the Fire Safety Bill in the House of Lords provides an excellent opportunity to bring meaningful improvements to building safetyⁱ. Electrical Safety First believes that this Bill is the time to be pro-active helping prevent fires caused by electricity.
- 1.2 We ask Peers to support amendments tabled by Lord Bourne of Aberystwyth, which have received cross-party support (details of these in point 4 below) to strengthen the protections for people living in High Rise Residential Buildings.
- 1.3 Electricity causes more than **14,000 house fires a year** almost half of all accidental house firesⁱⁱ. Every year, thousands are injured due to electrical accidents and incidents, and those who tragically lose their lives in fires caused by electricity are disproportionately the elderly and vulnerable.
- 1.4 Given that electricity accounts for over half of all accidental domestic fires in the UK, tackling the causes with appropriate preventative measures has the potential to not only prevent the associated high personal and financial costs, but also to reduce the pressure placed upon the emergency services.
- 1.5 These amendments, will protect over 1 million people living in high rise buildings. Electrical Safety First firmly believes that these are worthwhile, practical and necessary additions which will help ensure we prevent fires in people's homes caused by electrical accidents.

2. Background

- 2.1 In England, 53% of all electrical dwelling fires are caused by an electrical source of ignition.^{III} The Charity supports the Fire Kills campaign, and co-runs Electrical Fire Safety Week with the Home Office each year to raise awareness with members of the public of things that cause electrical fires in UK homes^{iv}. However, we believe additional legislative measures are needed to protect people from fires caused by electricity.
- 2.2 Whilst the Fire Safety Bill aims to amend the Fire Safety Order 2005 to clarify that the responsible person or duty-holder for a multi-occupied residential building must manage risk for structure / external walls, cladding, balconies and windows we believe that this legislation should consider the source of many fires electricity.
- 2.3 Recent tragic events have demonstrated the fatal risk electrical accidents and incidents pose to people in their own homes, particularly in high-density housing such as tower blocks. Whilst other factors accelerated the fire, it must be highlighted that the primary cause of the Grenfell Tower fire was an electrical source of ignition^v subsequently confirmed by the Grenfell Inquiry: Phase One documentation.^{vi}
- 2.4 There are around 4,000 tower blocks in the UK, estimated to contain over 480,000 individual flats in England alone^{vii}. Unless **every unit** in a high-rise building is subject to the same safety regime, everyone in the building can be placed at risk from a single flat. Therefore, any measure to improve electrical safety in multi-occupied buildings can help protect **over one million people.**
- 2.5 Our proposals build upon the Government's own regulations that they have introduced for the Private Rented Sector in England. The Electrical Safety Private Rented Sector (England) Regulations 2020 are currently being implemented in England^{viii}. Electrical



Safety First welcomes the regulations to ensure tenants living in the Private Rented Sector are protected by mandatory five yearly electrical safety checks in their properties, such measures are crucial in bringing down the number of electrical accidents and incidents, and we believe now is the time to include individual dwellings within tower blocks in this regime - regardless of tenure.

- 2.6 Our proposals which will extend the 2020 regulations and the enforcement capabilities which are a matter for local authorities^{ix}, will ensure all tenants living in tower blocks will receive electrical safety checks. This work will be for competent registered electricians, and <u>will not place any intended regulatory burdens on the Fire Services</u>. In fact, the introduction of regular electrical safety checks should reduce the pressure placed upon the emergency services.
- 2.7 Whilst we appreciate that this is a short Bill that will amend the Fire Safety Order 2005 which focuses on non-domestic measures, the Fire Safety Bill also amends this Order in domestic homes. This means that homes within high-rise blocks are affected by the proposed legislation, and this offers an excellent and straightforward opportunity to ensure that all who live in such buildings are brought under the same safety regime.

3. White Goods Safety in Tower Blocks

- 3.1 There have been numerous, large scale and high-profile white good product recalls over the last few years, which have highlighted the inadequate nature of the current product recall system in the UK. Some of these recalls have very sadly led to fatalities.
- 3.2 Three high profile incidents involving white goods have taken place in London's tower blocks over recent years, including Shepherds Court^x, Lakanal House^{xi} and Grenfell Tower^{xii} all have been confirmed to have been caused by electrical goods. Shepherds' Court was a tumble dryer that was subject to a safety notice and then subsequently recalled. Our proposals will help protect people living in High Risk Residential Dwellings throughout England and in Wales.
- In 2017, following the Grenfell tragedy, Electrical Safety First urged the Government to improve electrical safety checks in tower blocks and to put in place measures for building management companies to hold a register of white goods operating in these properties the Bill provides the opportunity for the UK Government to do this.
- 3.4 Whilst Electrical Safety First has been working with industry, Fire and Rescue Services and the Office for Product Safety and Standards to help improve registration and recalls of white goods, this Bill can improve the safety of tower blocks by being pro-active in identifying unsafe recalled electrical goods operating in flats within tower blocks. At present, there could be unchecked electrical goods operating in these buildings. It only takes one single dangerous faulty unchecked product to place **everyone in the entire building at risk.**
- 3.5 Given this, we believe that the newly created role of a responsible person for any high building should be given the task of **compiling a register of every white good**^{xiii} **in the building**. This ensures that when a recall occurs, anyone with an affected appliance can be quickly alerted, and the safety risk resolved.
- 3.6 **Relying on consumers to register and respond to recalls is not enough in these buildings where the potential risk is so high.**



4. **Electrical Safety First: Our solutions**

4.1 Whilst Electrical Safety First believes that the Government needs to introduce a number of measures to improve electrical safety in UK homes^{xiv} including a strategy to reduce electrical fires, and improved support for vulnerable people who are unable to afford electrical safety improvements - amending this Bill provides the opportunity to make immediate differences to people who live in multi-occupied buildings.

4.2 Therefore Electrical Safety First recommends two key measures be amended into the Bill:

- 1. Tower blocks / multi-occupied residential buildings must be subject to mandatory electrical safety checks every 5 years regardless of tenure - this will build on the Government's own regulations for the Private Rented Sector now being introduced.xv Records of this must be kept by the responsible person and made available to Fire and Rescue Services, Local Authorities and resident's associations upon request.
- 2. The responsible person or duty holder (Management Company) must keep a register of white goods in the building and ensure that they are registered with the manufacturer in case of recall.
- 4.3 We hope that Peers will seriously consider the above measures and give them the support necessary to help enhance the Fire Safety Bill and in doing so protect the public.

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Electrical Safety First

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Should you have any questions at all please do not hesitate to contact us at: policy@electricalsfatyfirst.org.uk or by telephone on 07970 091373

- ¹ Home Office Press Release 19 March 2020 <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/news/fire-safety-bill</u> ⁱⁱ Electrical Safety First analysis of Home Office Statistics 2018-19 <u>https://www.electricalsafetyfirst.org.uk/what-we-do/our-policies/westminster/statistics-england/</u> ⁱⁱⁱ Electrical Safety First analysis of Home Office Statistics 2018-19 <u>https://www.electricalsafetyfirst.org.uk/what-we-do/our-policies/westminster/statistics-england/</u>
- https://www.electricalsafetyfirst.org.uk/what-we-do/electrical-fire

- vii English Housing Survey 2018-19 http: survey-2018-to-2019-headline-report The Electrical Safety Standards in the Private Rented Sector Regulations (England) 2020 - <u>https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2020/9780111191934</u>
- * The Electrical Safety Standards in the Private Rented Sector Regulations (England) 2020 guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/electrical-safety-

2019.pdf

⁴⁴ Grenfell Tower Fire – Sky News <u>https://news.sky.com/storv/arenfell-tower-inquiry-faulty-wiring-in-fridge-freezer-started-fire-savs-expert-11565956</u>
⁴⁴ Major White Goods should include the key domestic appliances involved in electrical fires according to Home Office fire statistics: Fridge Freezers, washing machines, tumble dryers and dishwashers. https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/fire-statistics-ind ont-loval-datasats

xv The Electrical Safety Standards in the Private Rented Sector Regulations (England) 2020 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/electrical-safety-standards-in-the-